
3f Restrictions on Transits

All Regions/Countries, Parties of the Basel Convention

UN Region: Africa

Egypt

2007 Egypt restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Prior permit from the competent authority and the Suez Canal authority should be required according to Egyptian environmental law No. 4/1994 and its Executive Regulations.

Countries The restriction covers all countries/regions and all types of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Remarks In addition to the Basel Convention provisions, it is prohibited, without a prior permit from the Maritime Transport Authority or the Suez Canal Authority, to allow the passage of ships carrying hazardous wastes, in the Territorial Sea or the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Arab Republic of Egypt, provided the National Focal Point is notified.

1. All shipments should comply with the terms of Basel Convention for the passage of hazardous waste.

2. All shipments should comply with the Suez canal requirements concerning the passage of hazardous waste.

3. Prior approval of the Suez canal authorities.

4. Transit documents should be sent to both BC focal point and Suez canal authority for prior approval.

5. Previous notification of the name of the vessel & maritime agent and the date of shipping should be sent to the Suez canal authority.

6. The Vessel/s should leave the Egyptian territorial waters as soon as it crosses the Suez canal.

7. The vessel will not be allowed to load and/or unload any of its cargo during its passage through the Egyptian waterways and the exclusive economic zone.

8. The vessel should have a competent maritime agent and a P&I certificate.

Gambia

2007 Gambia is in a preparatory process to restrict the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Madagascar

2007 Madagascar is in a preparatory process to restrict the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Mali

2007 Mali has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Morocco

2007 Morocco restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Conformément à l'article 42 de la loi 28-00 sur la gestion des déchets et leur élimination et en tant que partie à la convention de Bâle et ayant ratifié son amendement, le Maroc soumis le transit de déchets dangereux à une autorisation des autorités compétentes.

In accordance with the bill on the management and destruction of wastes, the transit of dangerous wastes and other wastes is prohibited.

Countries

Remarks The transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes in Morocco is in accordance with the Basel Convention requirements.

Mozambique

2007 Mozambique has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Nigeria

2007 Nigeria restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Degree 42 of 1988

Countries All countries

Remarks Basel Convention signatories are required to obtain written consent of the competent Authority before the movement occurs.

Rwanda

2007 Rwanda has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Senegal

2007 Senegal restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation The Basel Convention.

Countries The restriction covers wastes listed in Basel Convention.

Remarks

South Africa

2007 South Africa restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation South Africa is a signatory to the Basel Convention and uses the provisions in the Convention to restrict enforce conditions of transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes through the country.
Countries The restriction covers all countries who are Parties to the Basel Convention.
Remarks Hazardous wastes and other wastes in transit through the territorial waters of the country may not be offloaded at a South African port, or if offloading is required and allowed, that waste may not leave the export area of the port. Hazardous wastes and other wastes in transit through the may not be repackaged in South Africa.

Tunisia

2007 Tunisia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation By law n°96-41 on wastes and the control of their management and disposal (entered into force on the 10th June 1996), the transit of hazardous wastes, as defined by national legislation, is not allowed until the reception by the exporter of the written authorization of the minister in charge of Environment in accordance with Article 40 of Tunisian law n° 96-41 mentioned above.
The authorization of transit is not attributed unless the conditions that are mentioned under the above sub-heading “Restrictions on export for final disposal and recovery” are met.
Countries All countries are covered by this restriction.
Remarks

Uganda

2007 Uganda restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation The National Environment Statue, 1995
The National Environment (Waste Management) Regulations, 1999
Countries Restriction to all countries in the world covering all categories of waste.
Remarks No transits of hazardous wastes and other wastes are allowed in the country without possession of adequate and appropriate movement documents issued by this authority in accordance with the Basel Convention.

Zambia

2007 Zambia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation The Environmental Protection and Pollution Control Act, 1990, amended in 1999; and Hazardous Waste Management Regulations, 2001.
Countries The restriction covers all countries.
Remarks But permission for transit of hazardous waste should be obtained from the authorities and notification of both the country of export and import should be shown received.

UN Region: *Asia and Pacific*

Azerbaijan

2007 Azerbaijan restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation The restrictions are specified in Article 14 of the legislation of the Republic of Azerbaijan "About industrial and municipal wastes" saying that "transit transportation of wastes which are not subject to treatment is prohibited".

Countries

Remarks

Bahrain

2007 Bahrain is in a preparatory process to restrict the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Cambodia

2007 Cambodia has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

China

2007 China restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation China
According to Solid Waste Law and the Ocean Environmental Protection Law, it is forbidden to transit of hazardous waste via the territory of the People's Republic of China, including via China's inner water and territorial waters. Transit of hazardous waste via other oceanic area under the jurisdiction of China shall get the written consent from MEP in advance.

Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, China

With effect from 28 December 1998, import of hazardous wastes from states which are OECD members, European Community (EC) and Liechtenstein into Hong Kong or through Hong Kong to other states has been prohibited. The Waste Disposal Ordinance was amended in 2006 on this control and has been in effect since 7 April 2006.

Macao Special Administrative Region, China

The transit of waste will be subject to the controls according to the Basel Convention requirements.

Countries

Remarks

Cyprus

2007 Cyprus restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation Law on the Management of Solid and Hazardous Waste (December 12, 2002).
A Law ratifying the amendment of the Basel Convention has been passed on 14.4.2000 (No. 12(III)/2000).

Countries

Remarks Cyprus follows the provisions of the Basel convention regarding transit issues. In order for a permit to be granted, a copy of the Notification Document appropriately stamped by the Competent Authority of the Import Country is required, as well as detailed information on the date of arrival and departure and the name of the ship.

Indonesia

2007 Indonesia has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Though there are no restrictions on transit, Article 53 paragraph (2) and (3) on the transportation of toxic and hazardous waste through Indonesia's territory, states that the transit must obtain a written approval from the Ministry of Environment in advance.

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

2007 Iran (Islamic Republic of) restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Under terms of Basel Convention, Marpol Convention and Kuwait Convention, ratified in Islamic Republic of Iran Parliament (Majlis), the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes takes place across the country's frontiers in compliance with the above mentioned conventions.

Countries The restriction covers the Islamic Republic of Iran.

Remarks

Japan

2007 Japan has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Kazakhstan

2007 Kazakhstan restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation The Ecological code of the Republic of Kazakhstan, 2007.
The Customs code of the Republic of Kazakhstan (with changes and additions as of 05.07.2008)
The law of the Republic of Kazakhstan from April, 23, 1998 № 219-I " About radiation safety of the population " (with the changes brought by Law of RK from 29.12.06)
The law of the Republic of Kazakhstan from September, 21, 1994 № 156-XIII " About transport in the Republic of Kazakhstan " (with changes and additions as of 29.12.2006).

Countries All countries specified by Basel Convention.

Remarks According to Law of RK from April, 23, 1998 № 219-I "About radiation safety of the population" the state bodies on ensuring radiation safety carry out the obligatory control of realization of export, import, movement, transit and placing of nuclear materials and other sources of ionizing radiations, and also realization of the international cooperation and performance of obligations under the international agreements in the field of radiation safety ensuring.
Transportation of nuclear materials and sources of ionizing radiation is carried out according to the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the international agreements ratified by the Republic of Kazakhstan.
Rules of transportation of nuclear materials and sources of ionizing radiations should provide rights, duties and the responsibility of consignor, a carrier and consignee, security measures, physical protection, system of the coordinated measures on exclusion of transport incidents and failures, the requirement to packing, marks and vehicles, action for localization of consequences of possible failures.
According to Law of RK " About transport in Republic of Kazakhstan" with a view of provision a safety and ecological norms on transport protection and support of hazardous cargoes under the list confirmed by the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan, are provided with senders or addressees of cargoes on all a transit.
The clients sending and receiving explosive, inflammable, radioactive, poisonous and other dangerous cargoes are obliged to guarantee safety of their transportation, to have means and the mobile divisions necessary for the prevention of emergencies at transportation of cargoes, and also liquidations of consequences of failures.
For the purposes of transboundary movement of wastes the hazardous wastes are considered wastes listed in the Appendix 1 of Basel Convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their disposal.
At transboundary movement of wastes nature users are obliged to give the interested states information concerning offered transboundary movement of the wastes, clearly indicating on consequences of offered movement for health of the human and an environment.
Illegal circulation of hazardous or other wastes is an ecological crime.
At transboundary movement of hazardous or other wastes, its should be packed, marked and transported according to the standard international rules and norms in the field of packing, marks and transportation and also to be accompanied by the document on transportation of hazardous wastes from point of transboundary transportation beginning up to a place of disposal.
At transboundary movement of radioactive materials nature user is obliged to undertake measures for provision of movement with of norms of international law observance. Thus:
1) nature user is obliged to take measures for providing movement under the sanction and the prior notification, and also the consent of the state of purpose(assignment);
2) transboundary movement through the states of transit should be carried out under

10.08.2011

Page 6/25

condition of performance of those international obligations which meet to concrete used types of transport;

3) Sending of used fuel or radioactive wastes for storage or burial in destination to the South of 60 degrees South latitude is forbidden.

Movement of radioactive materials and wastes is carried out according to the rules established by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the international agreements, ratified by the Republic of Kazakhstan.

Rules of movement of radioactive materials and wastes should provide rights, duties and the responsibility of consignor, a carrier and consignee, security measures, physical protection, system of the coordinated measures on exclusion incidents and failures, the requirement to packing, marks and vehicles, action for localization of consequences of possible failures.

Kuwait

2007 Kuwait restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Article (25): Importing or exporting of dangerous wastes or permitting its entry or passings are prohibited in the State of Kuwait. An except thereof is exporting dangerous wastes which the country does not have the technical ability, required facilities, means or ports suitable for getting rid of it in an environmentally safe way, provided that a written approval from importaing authority should be issued as well as the approval of Environment Public Authority board.

Countries All countries.

Remarks

Malaysia

2007 Malaysia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Environmental Quality Act 1974, (Amendment 2007), Section 34B.

Countries

Remarks Written approval from the Director General is required for the transit of scheduled waste in Malaysia.

Pakistan

2007 Pakistan has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Pakistan Environmental Protection Act, 1997.

Countries All countries.

Remarks According to Section 14 (Handling of Hazardous Substances) of Pakistan Environmental Protection Act - 1997 "subject to the provisions of this Act, no person shall generate, collect, consign, transprt, treat, dispose of, store handle or import any hazardous substances except; (a) under a license issued by the Federal Agency and in such manner as may be prescribed; or (b) in accordance with the provisions of any law for the time being in force, or of any international treaty, convention, protocol, code, standared, agreement or other instructment to which Pakistan is a party."

Philippines

2007 Philippines restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Department Administrative Order 29, series of 1992.

Countries

All wastes.

Remarks

Qatar

2007 Qatar restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

According to the article No. 24 of the law No.30 of 2002, and to section 3 of the Rules, the import of hazardous wastes and other wastes into the national territory is prohibited.

Countries

Remarks

The transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes through the national territory is prohibited except in such cases where a specific approval is obtained from the Supreme Council for Environment and Natural Reserves in the State of Qatar.

Singapore

2007 Singapore restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation The Hazardous Waste (Control of Export, Import and Transit) Act (HWA) entered into force on 16 Mar 1998.

Countries

Remarks

The Pollution Control Department requires the exporter to appoint a cargo/shipping agent in Singapore to obtain a Basel transit permit prior to the transit of hazardous wastes through Singapore.

Sri Lanka

2007 Sri Lanka restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation The controlling procedures are in accordance with the provisions of the Basel Convention.

Countries

Remarks

Thailand

2007 Thailand restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Generally, any productions, imports, exports and possessions of the hazardous substances and wastes within the Kingdom of Thailand shall be followed the procedures under the Regulation of Ministry of Industry B.E.2537 (1994). In addition, the importer/ consignee/factory shall follow the Regulation of Port Authority of Thailand concerning the export and import of dangerous goods.

Countries All countries and wastes listed in the Basel Convention.

Remarks

United Arab Emirates

2007 United Arab Emirates restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation It has been prohibited by decision from the Board of Directors of the Federal Environmental Agency.

Countries From All Countries and region to All Countries and regions.

Remarks

UN Region: *Western Europe and Others*

Andorra

2007 Andorra restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Given the geography and roads of Andorra, there is no transit of hazardous wastes. Nevertheless, there is no specific legislation.

Countries

Remarks

Australia

2007 Australia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Section 17 of the Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989. Entry into force: 12 December 1996.

Section 17A: Grant of Basel transit permits

Subsection 17A(2) provides that the Minister must grant the permit sought by a permit application if the Minister is satisfied:

- (a) that carrying out the transit proposals will not pose a significant risk of injury or damage to human beings or the environment; and
- (b) that, having regard to: (i) the applicant's financial viability; and (ii) the applicant's previous record in relation to environmental matters; and
- (iii) any other relevant matters; the applicant is a suitable person to be granted a Basel transit permit; and
- (c) that the applicant has appropriate insurance.

(Note: Section 18 specifies circumstances in which the applicant has appropriate insurance).

Subsection 17A(4) provides that the Minister may decide not to grant the permit if the Minister thinks that it would not be in the public interest to grant it.

Subsection 17A(5) provides that the Minister must not grant the permit if the Minister is satisfied that carrying out the transit proposals could result in hazardous waste being brought into Antarctica.

Countries The restriction covers all countries and regions and all hazardous wastes.

Remarks

Austria

2007 Austria has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Belgium

2007 Belgium restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Council Regulation (EC) N° 1013/2006, Art. 47 and 48.

Countries

Remarks

Canada

2007 Canada restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation In Canada, the following legislation applies to restrictions on the export of hazardous wastes, hazardous recyclable material and other wastes for final disposal: Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999 (CEPA 1999).

The following legislation applies to restrictions on the export of hazardous wastes and hazardous recyclable materials only:

- Export and Import of Hazardous Waste and Hazardous Recyclable Material Regulations, (EIHWHRMR); and
- PCB Waste Export Regulations, 1996 (PCBWER), came into force on February 4, 1997.

National Stakeholder consultations have been completed in the development of regulations on the transboundary movement of non-hazardous wastes for final disposal.

Countries Transits through Canada are only allowed following notification once a permit is issued by Environment Canada for the movement

Remarks Canada restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and hazardous recyclable material.

The following condition for transit apply:

For the purposes of Part 7, Division 8 of the CEPA 1999, where Canada is only a country of transit, subject to the EIHWHRMR a person may import and subsequently export a hazardous waste or hazardous recyclable material only if the import or export of that hazardous waste/recyclable material is not prohibited under the laws of Canada.

The following considerations apply such as:

- The carrier of the hazardous waste/recyclable material, if other than Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province or Her agent, is insured in accordance with section 37;
- Where the country of export and the country of import are not the same country, the competent authority in the country of export has provided to the Director, written confirmation that the competent authority in the country of import, and in each country of transit through which the hazardous waste is destined to pass before entering the country of import, consents, in accordance with the laws of the country of that authority with respect to giving that consent, to the proposed import into and, where applicable, export from that country;
- Where the country of export and the country of import are the same country, the generator or the carrier of the hazardous waste or hazardous recyclable material is required to notify and receive a permit before the transit movement can take place through Canada;
- Receives written confirmation from the Director that the authority, body or person specified on the List of Hazardous Waste Authorities in respect of Canada has received the notice in respect of the proposed import of the hazardous waste; and
- The conditions of the Canada - USA Agreement also apply to transits.

Denmark

2007 Denmark restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks The transit has to be notified.

Finland

2007 Finland has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation**Countries****Remarks**

Germany

2007 Germany has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation**Countries****Remarks**

Greece

2007 Greece restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Council Regulation EC 259/1993, as amended and implemented, which applied until 11-07-2007. From 12-07-2007, Regulation (EC) no 1013/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 on shipments of waste applies.

Countries

Remarks All transit movements must be covered by financial guarantee or relevant insurance against third parties (covering accidents during transport through Greece).

Ireland

2007 Ireland restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Articles 47 & 48 of Council Regulation (EC) No. 1013/2006, on the supervision and control of shipments of waste within, into and out of the European Community. (Up to 12/7/07, Articles 12, 23 and 24 of Council Regulation (EEC) No. 259/93 applied).

Countries**Remarks**

Israel

2007 Israel has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation**Countries****Remarks**

Italy

2007 Italy has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation**Countries****Remarks**

Luxembourg

2007 Luxembourg restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation Regulation of the Council No 259/93 (CEE) respectively regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council N° 1013/2006 (CE).
Countries The restriction is for all countries and for all kinds of wastes which are subject to regulation 259/93 CEE respectively regulation (EC) 1013/2006.

Remarks

Malta

2007 Malta restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation Environment Protection (Control of Transboundary Movement of Toxic and other Substances) Regulations, 2000 (LN205/00) which entered into force on the 17 September 2000, as published by (LN205/00).
Countries All countries/regions and all waste covered by the above-mentioned regulations are covered by this restriction.
Remarks As per Provision 8 to the Environment Protection (Control of Transboundary Movement of Toxic and other Substances) Regulations, 2000 (LN205/00), the Competent Authority may take any action whatsoever in order to ban, restrict and control the management, transit, export and import of hazardous waste or other waste.

Monaco

2007 Monaco has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation
Countries
Remarks Due to Custom Agreement with France, transboundary movements of wastes and their final disposal and recovery are controlled by French and European Union policies.

Netherlands

2007 Netherlands restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation Council Regulation (EEC) No 259/93 (entry into force May 6th 1994) and since 12 July 2007 Regulation (EC) 1013/2006.
Countries
Remarks

Norway

2007 Norway restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation The Norwegian regulation on waste, chap. 13, implements EU Regulation nr. 259/93.
Countries The restrictions apply to all states except members of OECD, EC and Liechtenstein, see annex VII of the Basel Convention.
Remarks Norway is not a natural transit country for the great part of the waste shipments.

Portugal

2007 Portugal restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation Council Regulation (EEC) No. 259/93, which entered in force in May 1994.
Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council entered into to force in 12 July 2007.

Countries The transit must be notified and can be objected.

Remarks

Spain

2007 Spain restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Articles 3, 4, 6, 7, 23 and 24 of Council Regulation (EEC) No.259/93, which entered into force on 09.02.93.

Notice.- As of 12 July 2007, REGULATION (EC) No 1013/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL, of 14 June 2006, ON SHIPMENTS OF WASTE, applies in Spain and Council Regulation 259/93 has been repealed

Countries The restriction in Council Regulation (EEC) No.259/93 covers all countries and all wastes intended for final disposal and those listed under annexes III and IV of the regulation or those not yet included in annexes II, III and IV to the regulation, in the case of those destined to recovery.

Remarks

Sweden

2007 Sweden has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Turkey

2007 Turkey restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation By-law on the Control of Hazardous Waste which come into force in 2005, Communiqué which has been revised each year by MoE & F.

Countries The restriction covers all countries, including free zones.

Remarks According to Communiqué, the importation waste tires to the Turkey is forbidden. For that reason, for transit of these wastes through Turkey is subject to the approval of the Ministry of Environment and Forestry. In the case of transit movement, Ministry requires the written consent of the state of import before giving the transit permission.

United Kingdom of Great

Britain and Northern

Ireland

2007 United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Albania

2007 Albania restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Environmental Protection Law No. 8934 dated 5.9.2002, Article No. 23 defines: "The transit/transport of hazardous waste and substances through the territory and national waters of Republic of Albania is permitted only in case the import is foreseen in an international act in which the Republic of Albania contributes as Party. In this case, the transit/transport is done with permission of the Council of Ministers".
2. The Regulation of Ministry of Environment no.4 date 15.10.2003 "Procedures for approving of Permit for Export of waste and Permit for Transit of waste", which defines the requirements and authority (MoE) that issue this permit.
Law No 9537 date 18.5.2006 "On Hazardous Waste Management, Article No. 20 defines: " the transboundary transit of hazardous waste through the Republic of Albania is prohibited in all circumstances

Countries The restriction covers all countries.

Remarks

Belarus

2007 Belarus restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Waste Law, in force from 1 January, 2001, which states that "Transboundary Movement of waste through Republic of Belarus is executed only on the basis of a preliminary obtained permit for transboundary movement of waste through the Republic of Belarus issued by the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection of the Republic of Belarus under conditions that the states concerned have issued their permits for import (transit) of this waste and competent authority of the country of waste origin has provided its concern in written form to take back waste in case of cancellation of the permit for transboundary movement of waste through the Republic of Belarus".

Countries

All countries

Remarks

Bosnia & Herzegovina

2007 Bosnia & Herzegovina has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Bulgaria

2007 There is no information concerning restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes provided for Bulgaria.

Legislation Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 on shipments of waste in force since July 13, 2007.

Countries This restriction covers all transits of hazardous which are not in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006.

Remarks Transit of hazardous wastes is following the procedures of the Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006.

Croatia

2007 Croatia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Articles 52 and 54 of the Waste Act, Official Gazette, No. 178/04 as follows:
Article 52

(1) Transit of hazardous waste in the territory of the Republic of Croatia may be performed by a person who is registered for performing the activity, under the condition that the person obtains the decision prescribed by this Act.

(2) The Ministry shall issue a decision on the transit of hazardous waste at the request of the person doing the transiting.

(3) The decision referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article shall be issued if the person doing the transiting meets the requirements for the export of hazardous waste in an appropriate manner as prescribed by Article 50 of this Act.

(4) An appeal shall not be permitted against the decision referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, but an administrative dispute may be instituted.

Article 54

Transit of non-hazardous waste through the Republic of Croatia shall be permitted.

Countries The restriction covers all countries.

Remarks

Czech Republic

2007 Czech Republic restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Council Regulation (EEC) No 259/93 on the supervision and control of shipments of waste within, into and out of the European Community, as amended (applicable until 11 July 2007). Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 July 2006 on shipments of waste (applicable from 12 July 2007).

Countries

Remarks

Estonia

2007 Estonia has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Georgia

2007	Georgia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation	Amendments and Supplements to the Law of Georgia on Transit and Import of Waste into and out of the Territory of Georgia (16th of October 1997). Statute of the Government of Georgia “Permit issue rules for production, transportation, import, export re-export and transit and list of restricted materials” (28.09.2006)-postponed till 1.07.2011
Countries	Law of Georgia on Transit and Import of Waste into and out of the Territory of Georgia (16th of October 1997). Article 2. Type of Wastes, those transit and import is restricted. Restriction applies to all countries. 1. It is restricted to transit and import any kind of waste all over the territory of Georgia including (its territorial waters, air space, continental shelves, and economically mostly important zones), if the present law does not contradict it. 2. All over the territory of Georgia including (its territorial waters, air space, continental shelves, and economically mostly important zones) is restricted: a) transit and import of dangerous waste (among them toxic) and radioactive residue of the production, household, and other types of waste their utilization, neutralization, treatment, landfilling or any other purposes are restricted (including established disposal operations of Annex IV of the Basel Convention). b) import of non – dangerous (among them non toxic) and non – radioactive residue of the production, household, and other types of waste their utilization, neutralization, treatment, landfilling or any other purposes are restricted which is envisaged in Section A of Annex IV on(Waste Disposal Operations) of "Basel Convention."
Remarks	Law of Georgia on Transit and Import of Waste into and out of the Territory of Georgia (16th of October 1997). Article 3 Type of Wastes, those transit and Import is permitted. Import of non-hazardous, (among them non toxic) and non- radioactive waste all over the territory of Georgia (including its territorial waters, air space, continental shelves, and economically mostly important zones)is permitted only for the purposes of their further recovering , re-exporting or other kind of operations envisaged in “Section B” contained in Annex IV (Disposal operations) of Basel Convention. Those waste are: Scrub of ferrous and non-ferrous metals, all type of paper waste, plastics (in case the availability of their recovery in Georgia), waste from textile, pulp processing (sawdust, shaving) and glass. These wastes according to defined waste categories of the “Green list of wastes” developed by the European counsel regulation # 259/93 of 1993, belong to: a) Category “GA” (Wastes in non-dispersible form, contained of metal and their alloys; wastes in the form of dust, powder or slag, also subjects containing hazardous wastes in liquid form does not belong to waste in non- dispersible form); b) Category “GHZ” (solid plastic wastes); c) Category "GI" (papers paperboard and paper product wastes); d) Category "GJ" (textile wastes); e) "GN010/ex 050200" of category "GN"; f) Category "GL" (untreated cork and wood wastes); and h) Category "GE" (glass waste in non-dispersible form).

Hungary

10.08.2011

Page 17/25

2007 Hungary has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Latvia

2007 Latvia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Article 47 and 48 of Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 on shipments of waste.

Countries The restriction covers third countries.

Remarks

Lithuania

2007 Lithuania restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation The transit of hazardous waste through Lithuania until 12 July 2007 was regulated by the council Regulation (EEC) No 259/93 of 1 February 1993 on the Supervision and Control of Shipments of Waste within, into and out of the European Community and from the 12 July 2007 the new Council Regulation (EEC) No 1013/2006 on shipment of waste is directly applied to Lithuania.

Countries

Remarks All wastes destined for disposal and hazardous wastes destined for recovery or disposal must be notified and transit through the Republic of Lithuania is only possible with the consents of all competent authorities concerned.

Montenegro

2007 Montenegro restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation The Rules on Import, Export and Transit of Wastes in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia ("Off. Gazette FRY", No.69/99), the Federal Law on the Basis of the Environmental Protection ("Off. Gazette FRY", No. 24/98), The Law on Foreign Trade ("Off. Gazette RCG", No.28/04) and the Law on Environment ("Off. Gazette RCG", No.12/96) regulates the conditions for transit of hazardous and other wastes. Each case of transit is subject to approval and issuance of permit by the Competent Authority.

Countries

Remarks

Poland

2007 Poland restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Until 11.07.2007:
Council Regulation (EEC) No 259/93 of 1 February 1993 on the supervision and control of shipments of waste within, into and out of the European Community (OJ L 30, 6.2.1993, p. 1) Regulation became directly applicable on Poland's accession to the EU (1 May 2004).
Since 12.07.2007:
Regulation (EC) no 1013/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 on shipment of waste which replaced the Council regulation (EEC) No 259/93 mentioned above.

Countries The restriction covers all countries since 1 May 2004.

Remarks Until 11.07.2007:
Transit to non-OECD country: control procedures stipulated in art. 23 of Council Regulation No 259/93.
Transit to OECD country: control procedure stipulated in art. 24 of Council Regulation No 259/93.

Since 12.07.2007:
Transit of the waste for disposal – procedure stipulated in art. 47 of Regulation (EC) no 1013/2006
Transit of the waste for recovery - procedure stipulated in art. 48 of Regulation (EC) no 1013/2006

Republic of Moldova

2007 Republic of Moldova restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Law on Environmental Protection, which prohibits the introduction of all kinds of waste. The Framework of the Law on Environmental Protection, art. 73 "There are prohibited the introduction of waste and the residuals of any nature, crude or in processing state, due to temporary stoke, deposit, processing, spreading on ground, water or their destruction. Customs authorities are obliged to control and to be responsible for applying of present article concerning import and transportation of waste and the residuals of any nature on the territory of the Republic of Moldova." A similar article is included in the range of other laws concerning wastes.

Countries

Remarks

Romania

2007 Romania has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks According to art. 32(3) of the Emergency Ordinance no.195/2005 on Environmental Protection approved by Law 265/2006, the export and transit of any wastes may take place in accordance with agreements to which Romania is a party. In case of export, the responsible operator must ensure that international obligations are observed and that the consent of the recipient country has been obtained.

Serbia

2007 Serbia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Serbia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

The Rules on Import, Export and Transit of Wastes in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia ("Off.Gazette FRY", No.69/99).

Law on Environmental Protection ("Off. Herald RS", No. 135/04) enter into force on 29. December 2004.

These legislations regulate the conditions for transit of hazardous and other wastes. Each case of transit is subject to consent and issuance of permit by the Competent Authority.

Countries The restriction covers all countries.

Remarks

Slovakia

2007 Slovakia has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Since 1st May 2004 Slovakia applies Council Regulation No 259/93/EC as amended by subsequent regulations. Slovakia has no restrictions on the transit of wastes. A new Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on shipments of waste is applicable from 12 July 2007.

Countries The transit of wastes has to be notified and is allowed only with a permit of the relevant state authority of the Slovak Republic.

Remarks

Slovenia

2007 Slovenia has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Ukraine

2007 Ukraine has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

No additional restrictions in comparison with the Basel Convention procedure.

UN Region: *Latin America and the Caribbean*

Argentina

2007 Argentina restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation Article 41 of the Argentine Constitution determines that the import of present or potentially hazardous wastes as well as radioactive (wastes) is forbidden.

The transit of hazardous wastes is regulated by National Law 24.051. Its Article 3 provides that “It’s forbidden the import, entry and transport of all types of wastes originated in other countries, to the national territory and its maritime and air spaces...”
Countries This import and transit restriction covers all countries and embraces every waste listed in the National Legislation (Law 24.051, Executive Decree 181/92).
Remarks The legislation mentioned in 3e (f) is applicable in Argentina national territory and areas within national jurisdiction as defined by Argentinean law.

Barbados

2007 Barbados has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

There is no significant legal authority to prevent the importation of hazardous waste. The Chief Parliamentary Council is in the process of preparing comprehensive environmental management legislation, which would incorporate Basel Convention issues. The restrictions are taken as those found in Article 4 (General Obligations) of the Basel Convention.

Countries

Remarks

Belize

2007 Belize has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Bolivia

2007 Bolivia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation En Bolivia restringen el transito de desechos peligrosos y de otras basuras peligrosas. Bolivia cuenta con la Ley 1333 del Medio Ambiente en la cual existen restricciones para el Transito de desechos a través de nuestro territorio.

Countries

Remarks

Brazil

2007 Brazil has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Colombia

2007 Colombia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation Article 81 of the Political Constitution of Colombia (dated 1991), forbids the introduction of toxic and nuclear wastes into national territory.
Countries
Remarks Applications for transit authorization of hazardous wastes are refused by the National Competent Authority if such transit involves the unloading of such wastes, even if it is for a short period of time.

Costa Rica

2007 Costa Rica restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Environmental Organic Law.

Countries

Remarks

Cuba

2007 Cuba restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Resolution 87/99 from Ministry of Science, Technology and Environment.

Countries

The restriction covers all hazardous wastes and all countries.

Remarks

This restriction establishes the need for a license and financial guarantee to cover the movement.

Dominican Republic

2007 Dominican Republic restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Article 100 of the National Environmental Law 64-00 prohibits import of any kind of Hazardous wastes.

It's prohibits to import any toxics remainders agree with the classification contained in the internationals conventions about this theme approved by the Dominican Republic or the its established by the Secretary of State of Environment and Natural Resources, in consult with the Secretary of State of Publics Health and Social Assistance like it's prohibit too the utilization of National Territory like transit of this remainders and deposits of their selves.

This amendment is contained in The Environment and Naturals Resources General Law 64-00 available in Web Page www.ceiba.gov.do at was edited in Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic on June 2002 by the Secretary of State of Environment and Naturals Resources (Page 71).

Countries This restriction to apply for all wastes and all countries/regions.

Remarks Law 4201 of the Secretary of Public Health prohibits transit and disposal of medicinal wastes through the county.

Ecuador

2007 Ecuador restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Environmental Law Unified Text of Ecuadorian Environmental Ministry, published in the Official Registration No. 2 of March 31, 2003.
Book VI of the Environmental Quality, Title V "Regulation for the prevention and control of the contamination by dangerous waste"

Countries To National level.

Remarks Any transboundary movement of dangerous waste is considered illegal in the following circumstances:

1. Without previous authorization on the part of the environmental authority.
2. Without previous notification on the part of the exporter
3. When the authorization has been obtained through forgery
4. When it is not counted on approval by the part of the import state

Ministry of the Environment as a National Environmental Authority.

Guatemala

2007 Guatemala has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Guyana

2007 Guyana is in a preparatory process to restrict the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Environmental Protection Export and Intransit Import of Hazardous Waste Regulations (currently being drafted).

Countries

Remarks

Honduras

2007 Honduras restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation -General Law on Environment- Ley General del Ambiente.
-Health Code
-Regulation for the Highway transportation of Dangerous Goods and wastes (Draft)

Countries All the countries of the world/All hazardous wastes.

Remarks

Mexico

2007 Mexico restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

In accordance with Article 90 of the LGPGIR "By breach of the applicable legal dispositions, the Secretariat will be able to deny or to revoke the authorizations for the import or export of hazardous wastes, as well as for its transit and transports by national territory"

The General Law of the Ecological Equilibrium and Environmental protection (LGEEPA):

Article 153 fraction IV

"The traffic through national territory of hazardous material will not be authorized if they do not satisfy the specifications of use or consumption according to the ones that were elaborated, or whose manufacturing, use or consumption be found prohibited or restricted in the country to which they will be destined; neither the traffic of such materials or hazardous wastes will not be authorized, when they come a foreign country to be destined to a third country.

Countries The restriction covers all countries.

Remarks

Panama

2007 Panama restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation La Ley 8 de 7 de junio de 1991, prohíbe la importación de Desechos Tóxicos o Contaminantes al territorio de la Republica de Panamá, en esta se establece además la prohibición del tránsito internacional de desechos peligrosos vía terrestre por el territorio nacional.

Ley 21 de 1990 Por la cual se aprueba el Convenio de Basilea sobre movimiento transfronterizo de desechos peligrosos y su eliminación.

Ley 13 Convenio Regional de Basilea 1995

Countries Todos los países signatarios del Convenio.

Remarks El Movimiento Transfronterizo en Panamá esta sujeto al registro y control del territorio de Panamá.

Saint Lucia

2007 Saint Lucia restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation Specific Marine Pollution legislation to give effect to Decision III/I Legislation being developed.

Countries The restriction covers all countries and regions.

Remarks

Trinidad and Tobago

2007 Trinidad and Tobago has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks

Legislation in preparation.

Uruguay

2007 Uruguay restricts the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.
Legislation Law n° 17.220 de 11 of November 1999. Law about Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and its modification by article 367 of Law n° 17. of 19th December 2005.

The law establishes that it is forbidden for any hazardous waste to enter the country.

Countries

Remarks

Venezuela

2007 Venezuela has no restrictions on the transit of hazardous wastes and other wastes.

Legislation

Countries

Remarks
